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(54) PRIORITY MEASUREMENT RULES FOR CHANNEL MEASUREMENT OCCASIONS

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See application file for complete search history.

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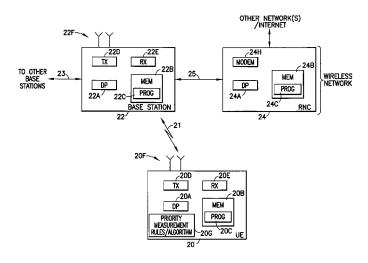
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(57)ABSTRACT

Based on the determined signal strength of a serving cell, a choice is made whether to utilize a cell-FACH measurement occasion for a lower priority neighbor cell search or for a higher priority neighbor cell search. The lower priority search is for maintaining wireless connectivity and the higher priority search is for accessing enhanced wireless service. In specific examples the search may be inter-frequency for frequency layers with higher or lower priority than a serving layer of the serving cell, or the search may be inter-RAT such as the lower priority GERAN search and a higher priority E-UTRAN search if the serving cell is WCDMA. In one example there are two thresholds for the signal strength, and if higher than both then the measurement occasion is used for an E-UTRAN search regardless of whether GERAN or interfrequency neighbor cells have been configured for the UE.

16 Claims, 7 Drawing Sheets



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N_TTI=8 FRAMES	Tidentify, GSM (mS)	ŀ	0+9	1	1280	1920	2560	3840	5120	7680	COMBINATIONS OF	ON TIME
N_TTI=4 FRAMES	Tidentify, GSM (ms)		1280		2560	2880	5120	5760	10240	15360	EMENTS FOR THESE	N LONG IDENIIFICAL
N_TTI=2 FRAMES	Tidentify, GSM (ms)	1280	2880	5280	6400	12480	12800	24960	20480	34560	THERE ARE NO PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR THESE COMBINATIONS OF	PAKAMELEKS BECAUSE IHEY KESULI IN LONG IDENIIFICATION LIME
N_TTI=1 FRAME	Tidentify, GSM (mS)	2880	7680	29760	14080	34560	34560	*	*	*	THERE ARE NO PI	PAKAMELEKS BECA
T_meds	(ms)	80	160	240	320	480	640	096	1280	1920	NOTE * :	

-IG. 1A

KAMES !	(sms) ⊯s										S OF
N_TT=8 FI	Tre-confirm, CSM		1600	1	3200	4800	6400	0096	12800	19200	COMBINATION ATION TIME
N_TTI=4 FRAMES	Tre-confirm, csw (ms)	1	2240	_	4480	6720	10240	13440	17920	26880	MENTS FOR THESE
N_TTI=2 FRAMES	Tre-confirm, csw (ms)	1600	3200	4800	6400	0096	12800	17280	33280	*	THERE ARE NO PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR THESE COMBINATIONS OF
N_TTI=1 FRAME	Tre-confirm, CSM (MS)	2880	00+9	17280	14080	22080	26880	*	*	*	THERE ARE NO PE
T_meas	(suu)	80	160	240	320	480	640	096	1280	1920	NOTE * :

FIG.1B

7680 COMBINATIONS OF ON TIME	15360 EMENTS FOR THESE N LONG IDENTIFICATI	* 34560 15360 7680 THERE ARE NO PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR THESE COMBINATIONS OF PARAMETERS BECAUSE THEY RESULT IN LONG IDENTIFICATION TIME	* THERE ARE NO PE PARAMETERS BECA	1920 NOTE * :
5120	10240	20480	*	1280
3840	2760	24960	*	096
2560	5120	12800	34560	640
1920	2880	12480	34560	480
1280	2560	6400	14080	320
		5280	29760	240
640	1280	2880	7680	160
•		1280	2880	8
Tidentify, GSM (ms)		Tidentify, GSM (ms)	Tidentify, GSM (ms)	(sw)
N_TTI=8 FR		N_TTI=2 FRAMES		T_megs

FIG.2A

T_meds	N_TTI=1 FRAME	N_TTI=2 FRAMES	N_TTI=4 FRAMES N_TTI=8 FRAMES	N_TTI=8 FRAMES
(sm)	Tre-confirm, CSM (MS)	Tre-confirm, CSM (mS)	Tre-confirm, CSM (MS) Tre-confirm, CSM (MS)	Tre-confirm, CSM (MS)
80	2880	1600	-	9
160	6400	3200	2240	1600
240	17280	4800	1	
320	14080	6400	4480	3200
480	22080	0096	6720	4800
640	26880	12800	10240	6400
096	*	17280	13440	0096
1280	*	33280	17920	12800
1920	*	*	26880	19200
NOTE * :	THERE ARE NO PE	RFORMANCE REQUIR	THERE ARE NO PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR THESE COMBINATIONS OF	COMBINATIONS OF
	PARAMETERS BECA	use they result II	PARAMETERS BECAUSE THEY RESULT IN LONG RECONFIRMATION TIME	TION TIME

FIG.2B

THE MEASUREMENT RULES BELOW APPLY IN IDLE, URA_PCH, CELL_PCH STATES. IN CELL_FACH STATE THE UE IS REQUIRED TO PERFORM MEASUREMENTS OF INTER-FREQUENCY AND INTER-RAT CELLS LISTED IN SYSTEM INFORMATION ACCORDING TO REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN [10]. UE SPECIFIC PRIORITIES ARE NOT APPLIED IN CAMPED ON ANY CELL STATE. 5.2.6.1.20 MEASUREMENT RULES FOR INTER-FREQUENCY AND INTER-RAT CELL RESELECTION WHEN ABSOLUTE PRIORITIES ARE USED

IF THE UE HAS RECEIVED ABSOLUTE PRIORITY INFORMATION FOR INTER-FREQUENCY LAYERS, THE UE SHALL FOLLOW THESE RULES: THE UE SHALL PERFORM MEASUREMENTS OF INTER-FREQUENCY LAYERS WITH A PRIORITY HIGHER THAN THE PRIORITY

OF THE CURRENT SERVING LAYER. E: THE RATE OF THESE MEASUREMENTS MAY VARY DEPENDING ON WHETHER STAIGN AND Squal OF THE SERVING CELL ARE ABOVE OR BELOW Sprioritysearch1 AND Sprioritysearch2. THIS IS SPECIFIED IN [10]. WHEN THE UE IN CAMPED NORMALLY STATE, HAS ONLY DEDICATED PRIORITIES OTHER THAN FOR THE CURRENT FREQUENCY,

THE UE SHALL CONSIDER THE CURRENT FREQUENCY TO BE THE LOWEST PRIORITY FREQUENCY (i.e. LOWER THAN THE EIGHT NETWORK CONFIGURED VALUES)

FOR INTER-FREQUENCY LAYERŚ WITH A PRIORITY EQUAL OR LOWER THAN THE PRIORITY OF THE CURRENT SERVING LAYER:

IF Srxlev ServingCell > Sprioritysearch1 AND Squal ServingCell > Sprioritysearch2 THE UE MAY CHOOSE NOT TO
 PERFORM MEASUREMENTS OF INTER-FREQUENCY LAYERS OF EQUAL OR LOWER PRIORITY.

IF SndevServingCell <= Sprioritysearch1 OR SqualServingCell <=Sprioritysearch2 THE UE SHALL PERFORM MEASUREMENTS OF INTER-FREQUENCY LAYERS OF EQUAL OR LOWER PRIORITY.

THE UE SHALL NOT PERFORM MEASUREMENTS OF INTER-FREQUENCY LAYERS FOR WHICH THE UE HAS NO ABSOLUTE PRIORITY THE UE HAS RECEIVED ABSOLUTE PRIORITY INFORMATION FOR INTER-RAT LAYERS, THE UE SHALL FOLLOW THESE RULES: <u>L</u>

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THE UE SHALL PERFORM MEASUREMENTS OF INTER-RAT LAYERS WITH A PRIORITY HIGHER THAN PRIORITY OF THE CURRENT SERVING İ

THE RATE OF THESE MEASUREMENTS MAY VARY DEPENDING ON WHETHER Sraley AND Squal OF THE SERVING CELL ARE NOTE:

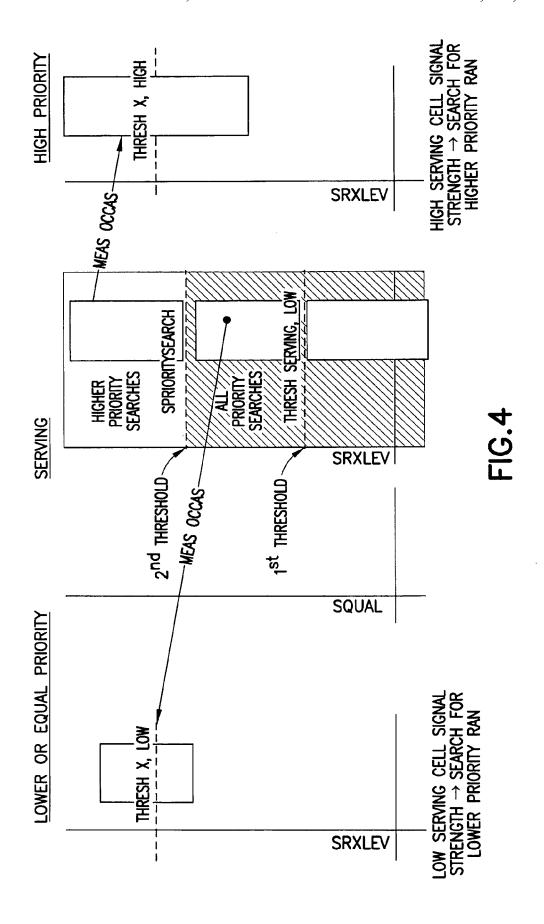
ABOVE OR BELOW Sprioritysearch1 AND Sprioritysearch2. THIS IS SPECIFIED IN [10]. FOR INTER-RAT LAYERS WITH A PRIORITY LOWER THAN THE PRIORITY OF THE CURRENT SERVING CELL:

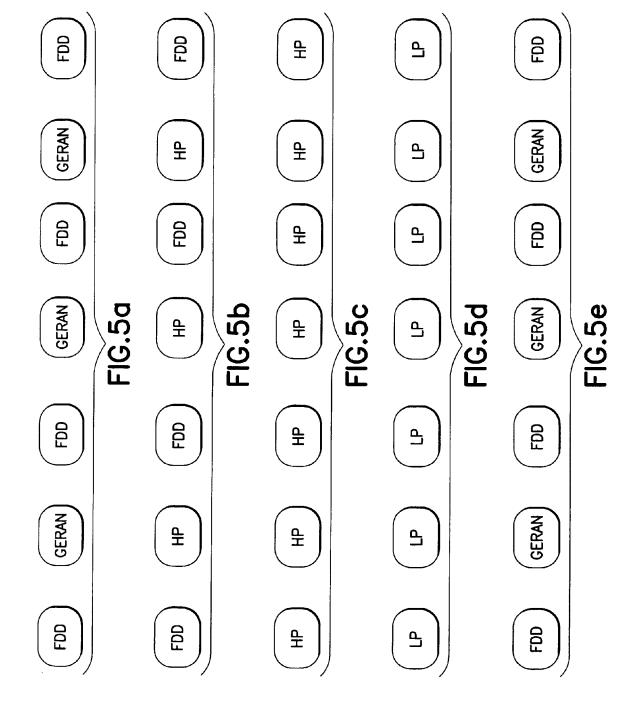
- IF Srxlev ServingCell> Sprioritysearch1 AND Squal ServingCell > Sprioritysearch2 THE UE MAY CHOOSE NOT TO PERFORM MEASUREMENTS OF INTER-RAT LAYERS LOWER PRIORITY.

IF Srxlev ServingCell <= Sprioritysearch1 OR Squal ServingCell <=Sprioritysearch2 THE UE SHALL PERFORM

MEASUREMENTS OF INTER-RAT LAYERS OF LOWER PRIORITY.

THE UE SHALL PERFORM MEASUREMENTS ACCORDING TO SUBCLAUSE 5.2.6.1.1 FOR INTER-RAT LAYERS FOR WHICH THE UE HAS NO ABSOLUTE PRIORITY. FOR ALL INTER-RAT LAYERS BELONGING TO ONE RAT, EITHER THE RULES ABOVE OR THE RULES SUBCLAUSE 5.2.6.1.1 OR 5.2.6.1.2 SHALL APPLY Z

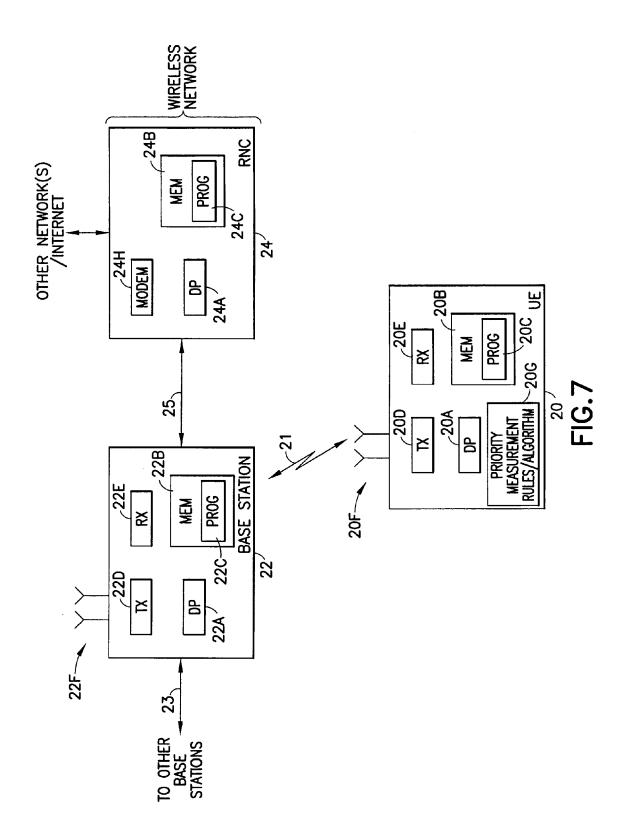




-602 DETERMINE SIGNAL STRENGTH OF A SERVING CELL 604 BASED ON THE DETERMINED SIGNAL STRENGTH, CHOOSE WHETHER TO UTILIZE A MEASUREMENT OCCASION FOR A LOWER PRIORITY NEIGHBOR CELL SEARCH OR FOR A HIGHER PRIORITY NEIGHBOR CELL SEARCH LOWER PRIORITY NEIGHBOR CELL SEARCH IS FOR MAINTAINING WIRELESS CONNECTIVITY; HIGHER PRIORITY NEIGHBOR CELL SEARCH IS FOR ACCESSING ENHANCED WIRELESS SERVICE(S) -606 THE HIGHER PRIORITY NEIGHBOR CELL SEARCH = SEARCH IN A FREQUENCY LAYER HIGHER IN PRIORITY THAN THE SERVING LAYER OF THE SERVING CELL. AND THE LOWER PRIORITY NEIGHBOR CELL SEARCH = SEARCH IN A FREQUENCY LAYER HAVING A PRIORITY THAT IS LOWER THAN OR EQUAL TO PRIORITY OF THE SERVING LAYER OF THE SERVING CELL 608 THE SERVING CELL OPERATES ACCORDING TO A FIRST RADIO ACCESS TECHNOLOGY RAT; THE HIGHER PRIORITY NEIGHBOR CELL SEARCH COMPRISES A SEARCH IN THIRD RAT, AND THE LOWER PRIORITY NEIGHBOR CELL SEARCH COMPRISES A SEARCH IN A SECOND RAT 610 THE FIRST RAT IS WCDMA. THE SECOND RAT IS GERAN, THE THIRD RAT IS E-UTRAN, THE THRESHOLD IS A FIRST THRESHOLD AND THE MEASUREMENT OCCASION IS UTILIZED FOR THE E-UTRAN NEIGHBOR CELL SEARCH IF THE DETERMINED SIGNAL STRENGTH IS ABOVE A SECOND THRESHOLD HIGHER THAN THE FIRST THRESHOLD 612

FIG.6

THE MEASUREMENT OCCASION IS UTILIZED FOR THE E-UTRAN NEIGHBOR CELL SEARCH IF THE DETERMINED SIGNAL STRENGTH IS ABOVE THE SECOND THRESHOLD REGARDLESS OF WHETHER GSM OR INTER-FREQUENCY NEIGHBOR CELLS HAVE BEEN CONFIGURED



PRIORITY MEASUREMENT RULES FOR CHANNEL MEASUREMENT OCCASIONS

TECHNICAL FIELD

The exemplary and non-limiting embodiments of this invention relate generally to wireless communication systems, methods, devices and computer programs and, more specifically, relate to inter-frequency and inter-radio access technology measurements made by a user equipment.

BACKGROUND

The following abbreviations that may be found in the specification and/or the drawing figures are defined as follows:

3GPP third generation partnership project BSIC base station identification code DLdownlink E-UTRAN evolved UTRAN (LTE) FACH forward access channel GSM-enhanced data rates for global evolution (EDGE) GERAN GSM global system for mobile communications HSPA high speed packet access long term evolution LTE RAT radio access technology TDD time division duplex UE user equipment UL uplink UTRAN universal terrestrial radio access network WCDMA wideband code division multiple access

The exemplary embodiments detailed herein are in the context of the WCDMA and HSPA (GSM) wireless systems to resolve problems in measuring inter-frequency and inter-RAT neighbor cells. These teachings are not limited only to those wireless systems but are more generally applicable; the examples merely illustrate specific implementation details relevant to those systems.

In the WCDMA/HSPA system the UE can make these inter-frequency and inter-RAT neighbor cell measurements when in the FACH state, which is when the UE is camped on a cell and has a signalling connection established with the network. The UE makes such measurements only during what is termed a measurement occasion. Currently, the inter-RAT measurement occasions are specified for GERAN only, but as E-UTRAN becomes more ubiquitous these neighbor cells are expected to be measured by the UE camped in the WCDMA/HSPA system also. A problem arises when increasing the number of measurement occasions to include E-UT-RAN

Generally, measurement occasions are infrequent and are shared equally between all the measurement types configured for the UE, so the effectiveness of these measurement gaps is quite poor. When E-UTRAN is introduced for the inter-RAT measurements the effectiveness may become even worse if the current measurement occasion concepts are simply extended to include E-UTRAN neighbors.

First, consider the current measurement occasion practice which is set forth at 3GPP TS 25.133. The measurement repetition T_{meas} in milliseconds (ms) is determined by the following algorithm:

$$T_{meas}\!\!=\!\![(N_{FDD}\!\!+\!\!N_{T\!DD}\!\!+\!\!N_{G\!S\!M}\!)\!\!\cdot\!\!N_{T\!T\!T}\!\!\cdot\!\!M_\!REP\!\cdot\!10];$$

where:

M_REP is the measurement occasion cycle length where K is given in Table 8.10A of 3GPP TS 25.133 (K is the

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FACH measurement occasion length coefficient, which is specified in 3GPP TS 25.331)

The FACH measurement occasion of N_{TTT} frames will be repeated every $N_{TTT}*M_REP$ frame. This means that the measurement time T_{meas} increases uniformly for each RAT supported, which has a detrimental impact on inter-frequency and inter-RAT measurements and therefore UE mobility. Since currently only GERAN neighbor cells account for the inter-RAT measurements this has not yet become a problem in practice.

To quantify the impact of adding E-UTRAN cells to the inter-RAT measurements, consider a typical FACH configuration as follows: inter-frequency (N_{FDD}=1); inter-RAT (GE-RAN) (N_{GSM}=1), where K is 3 (MREP=8) and N_{TTT}=1. In this configuration, T_{meas}=(1+0+1)*1*8*10=160 ms.

In this scenario there is an inter-frequency measurement occasion every 160 ms, but since it takes about five measurement occasions to perform a search then there can be a search only every 800 ms. Also in this scenario a GERAN (inter-RAT) measurement occasion is also configured every 160 ms, which as seen at FIG. 1A yields a BSIC verification time of 7.68 seconds and at FIG. 1B a BSIC refresh time of 6.4 seconds

Now extend this same measurement occasion protocol to 25 include the possibility of E-UTRAN neighbor cells. In this straightforward extension the measurement time T_{meas} in milliseconds is then defined as:

$$T_{meas} = \begin{bmatrix} (N_{FDD} + N_{TDD} + N_{GSM} + N_{EUTRA}) \cdot N_{TTT} \cdot M_\\ REP \cdot 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

Using the same FACH configuration as above then T_{meas} =(1+0+1+1)*1*8*10=240 ms.

There is therefore an inter-RAT measurement occasion for E-UTRAN every 240 ms, but in this case it takes as few as one measurement occasion to perform an E-UTRAN search so there is a search every 240 ms. This also provides an inter-frequency measurement occasion every 240 ms, and since it still will take about five measurement occasions to perform a search then there can be an inter-frequency search only every 1200 ms.

The inter-frequency measurements would be impacted by including E-UTRAN because the number of cell-FACH measurement occasions is reduced by a third. This also results in a GERAN measurement every 240 ms, which results in a BSIC verification time of 29.76 seconds as seen at FIG. 2A, and a BSIC refresh time of 17.28 seconds as seen at FIG. 2B. This is seen to be too long of a time for GERAN measurements. The teachings below address this problem, but as indicated have utility beyond only the GSM/GERAN/E-UT-RAN systems which are used only for specific illustration of the principles.

SUMMARY

In a first exemplary embodiment of the invention there is an apparatus comprising at least one processor and at least one memory storing a computer program. In this embodiment the at least one memory with the computer program is configured with the at least one processor to cause the apparatus to at least: determine signal strength of a serving cell; and choose, based on the determined signal strength, whether to utilize a measurement occasion for a lower priority neighbor cell search in this embodiment the lower priority neighbor cell search is for maintaining wireless connectivity and the higher priority neighbor cell search is for accessing enhanced wireless service as compared to the serving cell.

In a second exemplary embodiment of the invention there is a method comprising: determining signal strength of a serving cell; and choosing, based on the determined signal strength, whether to utilize a measurement occasion for a lower priority neighbor cell search or for a higher priority neighbor cell search. In this embodiment the lower priority neighbor cell search is for maintaining wireless connectivity and the higher priority neighbor cell search is for accessing enhanced wireless service as compared to the serving cell.

In a third exemplary embodiment of the invention there is a computer readable memory storing a computer program, in which the computer program comprises: code for determining signal strength of a serving cell; and code for choosing, based on the determined signal strength, whether to utilize a measurement occasion for a lower priority neighbor cell search or for a higher priority neighbor cell search. In this embodiment the lower priority neighbor cell search is for maintaining wireless connectivity and the higher priority neighbor cell search is for accessing enhanced wireless service as compared to the serving cell.

By example, the measurement occasion in any of the above exemplary embodiments may be a cell-FACH measurement occasion. These and other embodiments and aspects are detailed below with particularity.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1a is a table showing times for identifying a GSM base station for different measurement occasion times governed by measurement repetition T_{meas} calculated to include 30 measuring inter-frequency and GSM.

FIG. 1b is a table showing times for verifying a GSM base station for different measurement occasion times governed by measurement repetition T_{meas} calculated to include measuring inter-frequency and GSM.

FIG. 2a is a table similar to FIG. 1a but extended to include searching for an E-UTRAN neighbor cell.

FIG. 2b is a table similar to FIG. 1b but extended to include searching for an E-UTRAN neighbor cell.

FIG. 3 is a reproduction of section 5.2.6.1.2a of 3GPP TS 40 25.304 V9.3.0 (2010-09)

FIG. **4** is a diagram showing dynamic selection between high priority and low priority searching for and measuring of neighbor cells based on signal strength received from a user equipment's serving cell according to an exemplary embodi- 45 ment of the invention.

FIGS. 5a-e illustrate various choices made for a series of seven measurement occasions based on the signal strength received from a UE's serving cell according to exemplary embodiments of the invention.

FIG. 6 is a logic flow diagram that illustrates the operation of a method, and a result of execution of computer program instructions embodied on a computer readable memory, in accordance with the exemplary embodiments of this invention

FIG. 7 is a simplified block diagram of the UE in communication with a wireless network illustrated as a base station and a RNC, which are exemplary electronic devices suitable for use in practicing the exemplary embodiments of this invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Exemplary embodiments of these teachings address the above problem by enabling a UE to dynamically switch 65 between coverage and service based measurements, thereby utilizing its cell-FACH measurement occasions more effec-

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tively. As quantified above, sharing the cell-FACH measurement occasions limits the UE's mobility while in the cell-FACH state and introducing E-UTRAN to these measurement occasions will more severely limit that mobility. As will be seen below, these teachings enable the UE to maximize the effectiveness of the limited time available. In one aspect of these teachings the relative importance of the different types of measurements, whether the measurements are for coverage or for service for example, will vary as the strength of the serving cell changes. For example, coverage is important when the serving cell is weak to better assure an alternate cell for the UE in case signal strength from its serving cell continues to deteriorate. Service, such as looking for hot spot coverage to enable additional or enhanced mobile services beyond simply cellular call coverage, is more important when signal strength from the serving cell is stronger and basic cellular coverage from the serving cell is not reasonably in doubt in the near term.

With these general principles in mind, now consider a priority re-selection algorithm in the E-UTRAN system. By this algorithm the network can prioritize either a frequency layer or a RAT over another. This means that the available measurement occasions can be used more efficiently depending on the strength of the serving cell. When E-UTRAN is supported the UE will perform measurements based on the Release 8 measurement rules specified in 3GPP TS 25.304, reproduced at FIG. 3. The Release 99 mechanism for applying measurement occasions based on a fixed measurement purpose, measuring either inter-frequencies or a RAT, can therefore be improved.

The new Release 8 priority definitions means that the measurement occasion gaps can be used for different purposes based on the priorities identified by the network. These can be applied based on the variable Sprioritysearch1 or Sprioritysearch2. This mechanism for overriding the Release 99 measurement purpose can be applied to both the Release 99 inter-frequency and inter-RAT measurement occasions or just inter-RAT measurement occasions, at the network's choosing.

FIG. 4 illustrates conceptually an exemplary embodiment of the invention, divided into three areas of serving cell signal strength. When the serving cell strength is strong and in the higher priority search region, above a second threshold which corresponds for example to the "Sprioritysearch" parameter as shown at FIG. 4, the UE can override the Release 99 measurement purposes and use the measurement occasions to detect high priority RATs and/or inter-frequencies. In the specific examples below the higher priority is the E-UTRAN system, but in another exemplary embodiment can be a UTRAN inter-frequency layer. So a lower priority neighbor cell search better aids the UE in maintaining wireless connectivity, while a higher priority neighbor cell search is for accessing enhanced wireless service as compared to the serving cell, such as for example increased data rates E-UTRAN 55 offers over WCDMA/HSPA. This connectivity/service priority distinction is true whether the searches are inter-frequency or inter-RAT searches,

Further at FIG. 4, when the serving cell signal strength drops below that second threshold to lie within the "ALL priority" search region shown there, the UE can chose to schedule the measurement occasions based on either GERAN or E-UTRAN based on their determined signal strengths, or prioritize the lower priority RAT which in this case is GERAN. When the serving cell signal strength drops further to fall below a first threshold shown in FIG. 4 as "Thresh Serving low", coverage becomes a more pressing concern and so the UE utilizes its measurement occasions to search for

inter-frequency and GERAN neighbor cells according to conventional Release 99 measurement occasion purposes.

FIGS. 5a-e illustrate use of the UE's measurement occasions in various instances according to an exemplary embodiment of the invention, in which each figure illustrates seven 5 consecutive measurement occasions for a UE. FIG. 5a illustrates the UE's conventional (Release 99 measurement purpose is fixed) use of them; each alternate measurement occasion is used for an inter-frequency search and measurement of neighbor cells (the FDD blocks), and for an inter-RAT search 10 and measurement of neighbor cells operating according to GERAN (the GERAN blocks). The search pattern of FIG. 5a might also result from the UE's serving cell signal strength lying between the first and second thresholds of FIG. 4 (so the UE can choose which inter-RAT neighbor to measure).

The search pattern of FIG. 5b represents the case in which the UE's serving cell signal strength is very good, above the second threshold of FIG. 4 which means coverage by the serving cell is assured and the measurement occasions are used to search for better/enhanced coverage. At FIG. 5b the 20 UE uses its inter-RAT measurement occasions to search and measure neighbor E-UTRAN cells and uses its inter-frequency measurement occasions to search and measure neighbor cells on a different frequency layer than its serving cell. The same pattern of FIG. 5b may also result from the serving cell signal strength lying between the first and second thresholds as in FIG. 5a.

FIG. 5c also considers the case in which the serving cell signal strength is above the higher second threshold, but in this example the UE utilizes both its inter-frequency FDD 30 measurement occasions and its inter-RAT measurement occasions for high priority searching, which in this case is for E-UTRAN neighbor cells.

FIG. 5*d* represents the case in which the signal strength from the UE's serving cell is below the lower first threshold of 35 FIG. 4, in which case all the UE's measurement occasions are low priority searches to better assure that basic wireless coverage is maintained. FIG. 5*e* shows specifics for the low priority search occasions of FIG. 5*d*, which in this case is the same as FIG. 5*a* and the conventional alternating between 40 inter-frequency searching and inter-RAT searching for neighbors operating in the GERAN system.

In another embodiment there is only one threshold so that the higher priority searches are done when the signal strength of the UE's serving cell is higher than that threshold, and the 45 lower priority searches are done when that signal strength is lower than the threshold.

Exemplary embodiments of these teachings exhibit the technical effect of enabling the UE to use GSM Release 99 measurement occasions rules in an algorithm which allows 50 the UE to also search for another higher priority RAT and/or frequency. Conventionally, while a UE is in the CELL FACH state it has no mobility to an E-UTRA neighbor cell and so the CELL FACH UE will stay within the UTRA system (GSM and GERAN in these examples) and will not be able to re- 55 select to a neighbor which offers the higher data rates that E-UTRA or some other higher priority layers might offer. Performance of re-selections to UTRA and GERAN frequencies should not be inhibited because the purpose for which the measurement occasion is used switches back and forth, based 60 on the strength of the UE's serving cell. Another technical effect is that there is no change on the network side and so these solutions are quite straightforward to implement despite the highly structured nature of wireless cellular communica-

FIG. 6 is a logic flow diagram which describes an exemplary embodiment of the invention from the perspective of the

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UE. FIG. 6 may be considered to illustrate the operation of a method, and a result of execution of a computer program stored in a computer readable memory, and a specific manner in which components of an electronic device are configured to cause that electronic device to operate. The various blocks shown in FIG. 6 may also be considered as a plurality of coupled logic circuit elements constructed to carry out the associated function(s), or specific result of strings of computer program code stored in a memory.

Such blocks and the functions they represent are non-limiting examples, and may be practiced in various components such as integrated circuit chips and modules, and that the exemplary embodiments of this invention may be realized in an apparatus that is embodied as an integrated circuit. The integrated circuit, or circuits, may comprise circuitry (as well as possibly firmware) for embodying at least one or more of a data processor or data processors, a digital signal processor or processors, baseband circuitry and radio frequency circuitry that are configurable so as to operate in accordance with the exemplary embodiments of this invention.

At block **602** the signal strength of a serving cell is determined. In an embodiment that serving cell is operating according to a 1St radio technology, which in the above examples is the WCDMA or HSPA. At block **604**, based on that determined signal strength a selection or choice is made whether to utilize a measurement occasion for a lower priority neighbor cell search. The lower priority neighbor cell search is for maintaining wireless connectivity and the higher priority neighbor cell search is for accessing enhanced wireless service as compared to the serving cell. In a specific embodiment, the measurement occasion of block **604** is a cell-FACH measurement occasion.

The remainder of FIG. 6 illustrates more specific implementations for blocks 602 and 604. Block 606 refers to the inter-frequency search, so the higher priority neighbor cell search of block 604 is at block 606 a search in a frequency layer higher in priority than the serving layer of the serving cell. Similarly, the lower priority neighbor cell search of block 604 is at block 606 a search in a frequency layer having a priority that is lower than or equal to priority of the serving layer of the serving cell.

Block 608 refers to the inter-RAT search, which is generally stated there as the serving cell operating according to a first radio access technology RAT, the higher priority neighbor cell search of block 604 is at block 608 a search in a third RAT, and the lower priority neighbor cell search of block 604 is at block 608 a search in a second RAT.

Block 610 details the specific RATs from the above examples and also the second threshold from FIG. 4: the first RAT is WCDMA, the second RAT is GERAN, the third RAT is E-UTRAN, the threshold is a first threshold and the measurement occasion is utilized for the E-UTRAN neighbor cell search if the determined signal strength is above a second threshold higher than the first threshold.

Block 612 refers to the specific inter-RAT example of FIG. 5c in which the measurement occasion is utilized for the E-UTRAN neighbor cell search (higher priority inter-RAT search) if the determined signal strength is above the second threshold regardless of whether the measurement occasion is an inter-RAT measurement occasion or an inter-frequency measurement occasion. Conventionally the different measurement occasions themselves are not specifically allocated for inter-frequency or inter-RAT purposes; 3GPP TS 25.133 only states that they are to be shared equally by the modes which the UE has capability for and that are in the monitored set signaled by the network. It then follows that for a

UTRAN-specific implementation, the above concept may be more precisely stated as seen at block 312: the cell-FACH measurement occasion is utilized only for the E-UTRAN neighbor cell search regardless of whether GSM (GERAN) or inter-frequency neighbour cells have been configured for the 5 UE which is operating under the serving cell noted at block 602

In a specific embodiment, FIG. **6** may be considered to represent actions of a modem which may be apart from or disposed within the above UE.

Embodiments of the invention may be implemented as an apparatus which has determining means and choosing means. The determining means is for determining signal strength of a serving cell as in block **602** of FIG. **6**, and may by example be a measuring means. Specific embodiments of such deter- 15 mining/measuring means may be for example a radio receiver and/or a processor. The choosing means is for choosing whether to utilize a (e.g., cell-FACH) measurement occasion for a lower priority neighbor cell search or for a higher priority neighbor cell search, and as shown at block 604 of FIG. 20 6, this choosing means bases its choice on the signal strength determined by the determining means. Specific embodiments of such choosing means may be for example at least one processor in conjunctions with computer instructions such as an algorithm or priority measurement rules stored on a com- 25 puter readable memory. As above, the lower priority neighbor cell search is for maintaining wireless connectivity and the higher priority neighbor cell search is for accessing enhanced wireless service as compared to the serving cell.

Reference is now made to FIG. 7 for illustrating a simplified block diagram of various electronic devices and apparatus that are suitable for use in practicing the exemplary embodiments of this invention. In FIG. 7 a wireless network (base station 22 and RNC 24) is adapted for communication over a wireless link 21 with an apparatus, such as a mobile 35 terminal or UE 20, via a network access node such as a base station/NodeB 22 or relay station. The network may include a radio network controller RNC 24, which provides connectivity with further networks (e.g., a publicly switched telephone network PSTN and/or a data communications network/Internet).

The UE 20 includes processing means such as at least one data processor (DP) 20A, storing means such as at least one computer-readable memory (MEM) 20B storing at least one computer program (PROG) 20C, communicating means such 45 as a transmitter TX 20D and a receiver RX 20E for bidirectional wireless communications with the base station 22 via one or more antennas 20F. Also stored in the MEM 20B at reference number 200 is the priority measurement rules, more particularly an algorithm for choosing, based on signals 50 strength of the serving cell 22, whether to use a next measurement occasion for a high priority search (E-UTRAN in the inter-RAT examples) or a low priority search (GERAN in the inter-RAT examples) as detailed above.

The base station 22 also includes processing means such as at least one data processor (DP) 22A, storing means such as at least one computer-readable memory (MEM) 22B storing at least one computer program (PROG) 22C, and communicating means such as a transmitter TX 22D and a receiver RX 22E for bidirectional wireless communications with the UE 60 via one or more antennas 22F. There is a data and/or control path 25 coupling the base station 22 with the RNC 24, and another data and/or control path 23 coupling the base station 22 to other base stations/node Bs/access nodes.

Similarly, the RNC **24** includes processing means such as 65 at least one data processor (DP) **24**A, storing means such as at least one computer-readable memory (MEM) **24**B storing at

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least one computer program (PROG) 24C, and communicating means such as a modem 24H for bidirectional wireless communications with the base station 22 via the data/control path 25. While not particularly illustrated for the UE 20 or base station 22, those devices are also assumed to include as part of their wireless communicating means a modem which may be inbuilt on an RF front end chip within those devices 20, 22 and which also carries the TX 20D/22D and the RX 20E/22E.

At least one of the PROGs 20C/20G in the UE 20 is assumed to include program instructions that, when executed by the associated DP 20A, enable the device to operate in accordance with the exemplary embodiments of this invention, as detailed above. The base station 22 may also have software stored in its MEM 22B to implement certain aspects of these teachings as detailed above, s as to know or better anticipate how the UE 20 will utilize its measurement occasions. In this regard the exemplary embodiments of this invention may be implemented at least in part by computer software stored on the MEM 20B, 22B which is executable by the DP 20A of the UE 20 and/or by the DP 22A of the base station 22, or by hardware, or by a combination of tangibly stored software and hardware (and tangibly stored firmware). Electronic devices implementing these aspects of the invention need not be the entire UE 20 or base station 22, but exemplary embodiments may be implemented by one or more components of same such as the above described tangibly stored software, hardware, firmware and DP, modem, system on a chip SOC or an application specific integrated circuit

In general, the various embodiments of the UE 20 can include, but are not limited to personal portable digital devices having wireless communication capabilities, including but not limited to cellular telephones, navigation devices, laptop/palmtop/tablet computers, digital cameras and music devices, and Internet appliances.

Various embodiments of the computer readable MEMs 20B and 22B include any data storage technology type which is suitable to the local technical environment, including but not limited to semiconductor based memory devices, magnetic memory devices and systems, optical memory devices and systems, fixed memory, removable memory, disc memory, flash memory, DRAM, SRAM, EEPROM and the like. Various embodiments of the DPs 20A and 22A include but are not limited to general purpose computers, special purpose computers, microprocessors, digital signal processors (DSPs) and multi-core processors.

Various modifications and adaptations to the foregoing exemplary embodiments of this invention may become apparent to those skilled in the relevant arts in view of the foregoing description. While the exemplary embodiments have been described above in the context of the UTRAN Release 99 system, it should be appreciated that the exemplary embodiments of this invention are not limited for use with only this one particular type of wireless communication system, and that they may be used to advantage in other wireless communication systems.

Further, some of the various features of the above nonlimiting embodiments may be used to advantage without the corresponding use of other described features. The foregoing description should therefore be considered as merely illustrative of the principles, teachings and exemplary embodiments of this invention, and not in limitation thereof.

What is claimed is:

1. An apparatus, comprising: circuitry configured to:

determine signal strength of a serving cell; and

choose, based on the determined signal strength, a lower priority neighbor cell search or a higher priority neighbor cell search for a next periodic cell forward access channel (FACH) measurement occasion, while overriding a predetermined measurement occasion 5 for at least the lower priority neighbor cell search when the higher priority neighbor cell search is chosen in the next periodic cell FACH measurement occasion.

in which the lower priority neighbor cell search is for 10 maintaining wireless connectivity by finding an alternate cell for cellular voice call coverage in case the signal strength of the service cell deteriorates beyond the determined signal strength, and the higher priority neighbor cell search is for accessing enhanced wireless 15 service that provides higher data rates than cellular voice call coverage that is currently provided by the serving cell:

wherein:

technology (RAT) which is WCDMA;

the higher priority neighbor cell search comprises a search in a third RAT which is E-UTRAN or in a frequency layer higher in priority than a serving layer of the serving

the lower priority neighbor cell search comprises a search in a second RAT which is GERAN or in a frequency layer having a priority that is lower than or equal to priority of the serving layer of the serving cell; and

the measurement occasion is utilized for the lower priority 30 neighbor cell search when the determined signal strength is below a threshold.

- 2. The apparatus according to claim 1, in which the threshold is a first threshold and the measurement occasion is utisignal strength is above a second threshold higher than the first threshold.
- 3. The apparatus according to claim 2, in which the measurement occasion is utilized only for the E-UTRAN neighbor cell search if the determined signal strength is above the 40 the apparatus to perform a method comprising: second threshold regardless of whether GERAN or interfrequency neighbor cells have been configured.
- 4. The apparatus according to claim 1, in which the apparatus comprises a user equipment operating in a forward access channel state of a WCDMA system.
- 5. The apparatus according to claim 1, in which the apparatus comprises a modem.
- 6. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the periodic FACH measurement occasions are spaced at 80 ms or an integer multiple thereof.
 - 7. A method implemented by an apparatus, comprising: determining, by circuitry of the apparatus, signal strength of a serving cell; and
 - choosing by the circuitry, based on the determined signal strength, a lower priority neighbor cell search or a higher 55 priority neighbor cell search for a next periodic cell forward access channel (FACH) measurement occasion, while overriding a predetermined measurement occasion for at least the lower priority neighbor cell search when the higher priority neighbor cell search is chosen 60 in the next periodic cell FACH measurement occasion,
 - in which the lower priority neighbor cell search is for maintaining wireless connectivity by finding an alternate cell for cellular voice call coverage in case the signal strength of the serving cell deteriorates beyond the determined signal strength, and the higher priority neighbor cell search is for accessing enhanced wireless

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service that provides higher data rates than cellular voice call coverage that is currently provided by the serving cell:

wherein:

the serving cell operates according to a first radio access technology (RAT) which is WCDMA:

the higher priority neighbor cell search comprises a search in a third RAT which is E-UTRAN or in a frequency layer higher in priority than a serving layer of the serving

the lower priority neighbor cell search comprises a search in a second RAT which is GERAN or in a frequency layer having a priority that is lower than or equal to priority of the serving layer of the serving cell; and

the measurement occasion is utilized for the lower priority neighbor cell search when the determined signal strength is below a threshold.

- 8. The method according to claim 7, in which the threshold the serving cell operates according to a first radio access 20 is a first threshold and the measurement occasion is utilized for the E-UTRAN neighbor cell search when the determined signal strength is above a second threshold higher than the first threshold.
 - 9. The method according to claim 8, in which the measure-25 ment occasion is utilized only for the E-UTRAN neighbor cell search when the determined signal strength is above the second threshold regardless of whether GERAN or interfrequency neighbor cells have been configured.
 - 10. The method according to claim 7, in which the method is executed by a user equipment operating in a forward access channel state of a WCDMA system.
 - 11. The method according to claim 7, in which the method is executed by a modem.
- 12. The method according to claim 7, wherein the periodic lized for the E-UTRAN neighbor cell search if the determined 35 FACH measurement occasions are spaced at 80 ms or an integer multiple thereof.
 - 13. A non-transitory computer readable memory comprising computer executable instructions, wherein the instructions, when executed by an apparatus having circuitry, cause

determining signal strength of a serving cell; and

- choosing, based on the determined signal strength, a lower priority neighbor cell search or a higher priority neighbor cell search for a next periodic cell forward access channel (FACH) measurement occasion, while overriding a predetermined measurement occasion for at least the lower priority neighbor cell search when the higher priority neighbor cell search is chosen in the next periodic cell FACH measurement occasion,
- in which the lower priority neighbor cell search is for maintaining wireless connectivity by finding an alternate cell for cellular voice call coverage in case the signal strength of the serving cell deteriorates beyond the determined signal strength, and the higher priority neighbor cell search is for accessing enhanced wireless service that provides higher data rates than cellular voice call coverage that is currently provided by the serving cell;

wherein:

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the serving cell operates according to a first radio access technology (RAT) which is WCDMA;

the higher priority neighbor cell search comprises a search in a third RAT which is E-UTRAN or in a frequency layer higher in priority than a serving layer of the serving cell:

the lower priority neighbor cell search comprises a search in a second RAT which is GERAN or in a frequency

layer having a priority that is lower than or equal to priority of the serving layer of the serving cell; and the measurement occasion is utilized for the lower priority neighbor cell search when the determined signal strength is below a threshold.

- 14. The non-transitory computer readable memory according to claim 13, in which the threshold is a first threshold and the measurement occasion is utilized for the E-UTRAN neighbor cell search when the determined signal strength is above a second threshold higher than the first threshold.
- 15. The non-transitory computer readable memory according to claim 14, in which the measurement occasion is utilized only for the E-UTRAN neighbor cell search regardless of whether GERAN or inter-frequency neighbor cells have been configured.
- 16. The non-transitory computer readable memory according to claim 13, wherein the periodic FACH measurement occasions are spaced at 80 ms or an integer multiple thereof.

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